SEASONAL CHANGES

EXPLORIFY RESOURCES

Curriculum statements	Explorify activitie - see codes belo		Suggested use / Taking it further		
Weather					
Play and explore outside in all seasons and in different weather Reception (England) Observe and describe weather. KS1 (England) While learning outdoors in differing weathers, I have described and recorded the weather, its effects and how it makes me feel and can relate my recordings to the seasons. Early (Scotland) By using a range of instruments, I can measure and record the weather and can discuss how weather affects my life. First (Scotland)	Gone out wearing the wrong coat Like a flash- rain and thunder White and spikey – frost Wonderful Weather - different types of weather	HYE LWCYH ZIZO WGO	The class could record what the weather is like each day and make a display. Take photos of the children throughout the year to allow them to compare what they were wearing in the different seasons. You could position a rain gauge outside, so that children can check the amount of rainfall each week or month. This video showing how to make a rain gauge out of a plastic bottle. The children could then make a simple pictogram or bar graph. Similarly, you could check and record the temperature each day. For the children to see the wind, you could make a windsock to hang outside the classroom. If you know the temperature is likely to fall below freezing overnight, the children could make ice mobiles which look lovely hanging in trees, or outside the classroom window. The children could also have fun being weather forecasters and recording their own weather forecasts.		
Seasons in general					
Play and explore outside in all seasons and in different weather Reception (England) observe changes across the four seasons	Gone to bed when it was still light outside Three seasons – a tree in three seasons. Mellow yellow - daffodil, sunflower and Autumn leaves	000 000	Seasonal change should be observed and taught across the whole year, not as one single block in a half term. Children need to observe each season and compare it. You could take a photograph of your class in front of a particular tree every month/season to record the change that occurs. Make sure the tree is deciduous – if it has spring blossom even better.		

associated with the seasons and how day length varies. KS1 (England) I can identify, follow and begin to create sequences and patterns in everyday activities. PS1 (Wales)	Seasons What if there was only one season? What if a year of Earth was the same length as one on Mars?	WGO WI WI	The Woodland Trust have some great videos of different species of trees changing over the year. Get children to discuss what if we only had one season and to spot the different seasons in the What's Going On: Seasons Use the Have You Ever to draw attention to how the length of the day changes across the year and regularly record as a class whether it was light when they got up/went to bed.
		Sprii	ng
Observe living things	Flowers in spring	000	Use the activities as a launch pad to getting outside and search for
throughout the year Reception (England)	Baby birds	000	spring flowers and blossom. You could use the different spotter sheets on the Woodland Trust or RHS websites. You can make
Troophion (England)	Tiny teeth - tadpoles	ZIZO	your own spotter sheets to reflect what is seasonal that week using
Observe changes across the	Spring flowers	WGO	an app like PlantNet to help you identify unknown plants. Liaise
four seasons KS1 (England)	Sprouting shoots	WGO	between different year groups to ensure children are visiting different places each year and doing slightly different activities.
KS1 (Eligialiu)	Growing seeds	WGO	If you have a pond nearby look for frogs and signs of frogspawn, or
Understand that some things	Flowers in spring	WGO	head to a canal or river for signs of ducks sitting on eggs or to see
change over time	Special delivery	WGO	baby birds on the water. Visit new borns at a local farm.
FS (N Ireland)			The clocks change in March, so children should observe how the days are gradually getting lighter. Discuss was it light when they got
Learn about:			up? Repeat this question throughout the year.
animals that migrate.			Summer
changes in the natural	Sharing is caring	LWCYH	Summer is a time to observe bees, butterflies and ladybirds. With
environment including how they can affect living	In the shade	000	younger children, they do not need to understand pollination but
things.	Spectacular spheres -	ZIZO	they should understand that they are important if we want to have lots of flowers and plants.
KS1 (N Ireland)	daisy		Again children can get out observing and naming summer flowers
	Red and bumpy - strawberry	ZIZO	and different trees using spotter sheets: Woodland Trust, RHS and
	Three weeds	000	Wildlife Watch. They can also observe the fruits of different plants.
	Busy bee	WGO	July is usually one of the hottest months, so you can discuss the importance of sun safety using In the shade as a starting point.
	Buzzing with life – various	WGO	You could buy UV beads and make bracelets so the children can
	insects in a wild meadow	****	observe how strong the UV light is and how important it is to wear
	<u>Spectacular scales</u> -	ZIZO	sun cream. With June 21 being the longest day of the year, it is important to
	butterfly Massive migration -	7170	With June 21 being the longest day of the year, it is important to discuss the hours of daylight. Was it light when they went to bed?
	butterflies	ZIZO	accessed and means of daying the vide it light which they work to bod.
	Very hungry caterpillars	WGO	

Friends of flowers – butterfly, ladybird and spider	000	
		Autumn
Falling into place Rich pickings Squirrelling away Bonkers conkers Autumn leaves Seeds of life - conker, sunflower seed and broad bean	WGO WGO WGO OOO	Autumn is a great time for scavenger hunts with children collecting autumn leaves, conkers and other seeds and berries. Children can make leaf puppets with autumn leaves. They can leabout the animals like hedgehogs that hibernate over winter. Children could make clay hedgehogs with pipe cleaners for the spikes and make a leaf den for them to hibernate in. You can also plant bulbs that will flower in Spring. They could also learn about the birds that migrate in autumn for warmer climates.
Hungry hedgehog	WGO	The clocks change at the end of October so get the children to observe the mornings and evenings gradually getting darker.
		Winter
<u>Green pattern</u>	ZIZO	This is the ideal time for children to compare deciduous and
Brown seeds - pinecone	ZIZO	evergreen trees. Take children out looking at trees and make a tally chart of both kinds. They could make a drawing of each and use
Winter seeds	000	their tally chart to make a bar graph or pictogram.
Evergreen - conifer, holly and ivy	000	December 21 is the shortest day of the year, so again revisit the length of the day and whether it was getting dark as they went
What if winter never ended?	WI	home from school. Birds will need help feeding at this time of year so children can
Sleepy heads – hedgehog, bear and bat hibernation	000	make simple bird feeders. The Woodland Trust has a range of winter activities. Can the class to think about What if winter never ended?

Explorify Activity Codes				
ZIZO = Zoom in, zoom out	OOO = Odd One Out			
Visually-engaging close-up photos	Find similarities and differences			
WGO = What's going on?	MB = Mystery Bag			
Short, distraction-free videos	Use senses to work out contents			
TBQ = The Big Question	PS = Problem Solvers			
Plan an investigation	Think critically and creatively			
LWCYH = Listen, what can you hear?	MS = Mission Survive			
Identify by sound alone	Fun, imaginative, hands-on challenges			

HYE = Have you ever?	WI = What if?
Put children's everyday experiences at the centre	Place ideas in new contexts

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Useful other resources to support planning can be found at: <u>PLAN primary science assessment resources (planassessment.com)</u> and <u>Assessment (TAPS) - Curriculum Materials | Primary Science Teaching Trust (pstt.org.uk)</u> <u>The Great Science Share 2022</u> has some good videos on Scientific Enquiry under the tab "Great Science Skills".